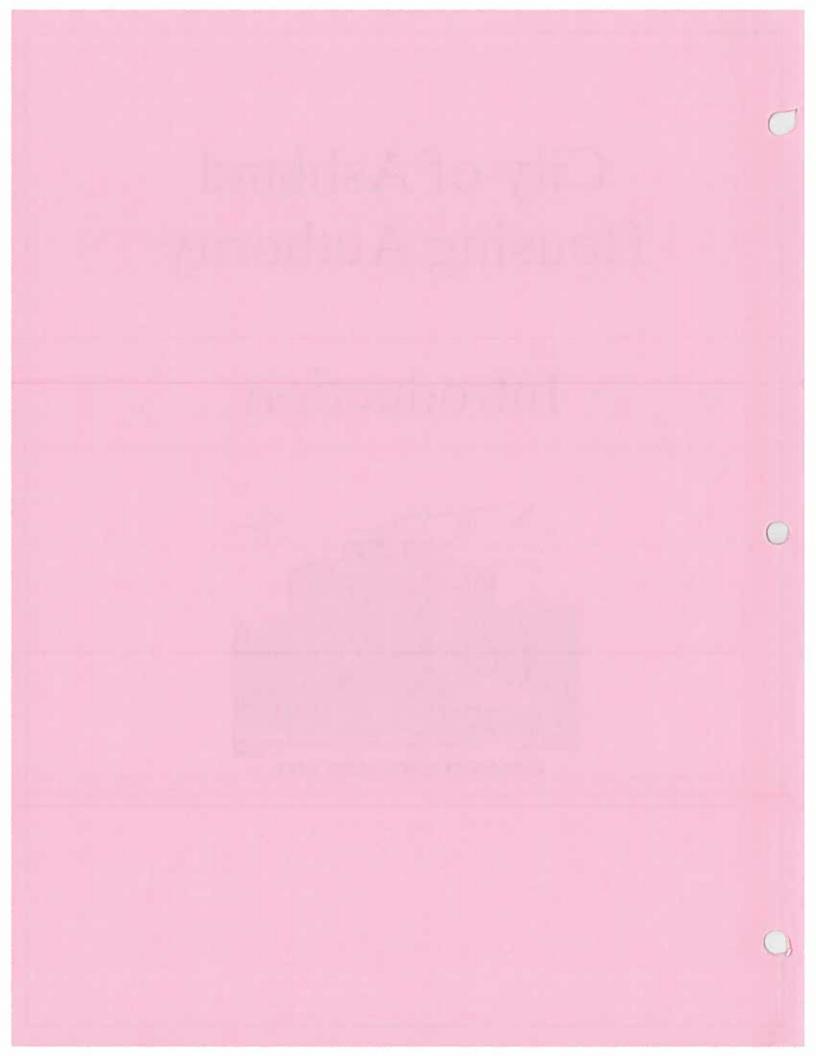
# City of Ashland Housing Authority

## Introduction





#### ADMISSIONS AND CONTINUED OCCUPANCY POLICY

## FOR THE CITY OF ASHLAND

#### PUBLIC HOUSING PROGRAM

May 1, 2005

Revisio	n Date
February 1, 2006	June 1, 2013
October 1, 2006	July 1, 2014
June 1, 2007	June 1, 2015
September 1, 2008	March 1, 2016
September 1, 2009	
August 1, 2010	
June 1, 2011	
June 1, 2012	

Approved by the PHA Board of Commissioners:

Submitted to HUD:

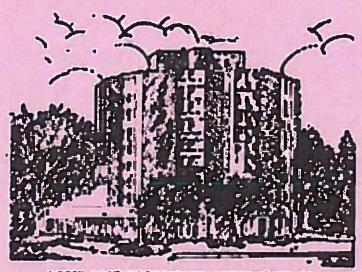
Copyright 2016 by Nan McKay & Associates, Inc.

All rights reserved

Permission to reprint granted only to the Public Housing Authority that has purchased this plan from Nan McKay & Associates, Inc. This document may not be reprinted or distributed to any other person or entity other than the purchasing agency without the express written permission of Nan McKay & Associates, Inc.

# City of Ashland Housing Authority

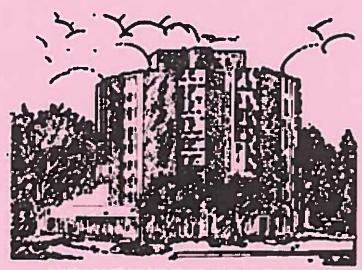
## Table of Contents



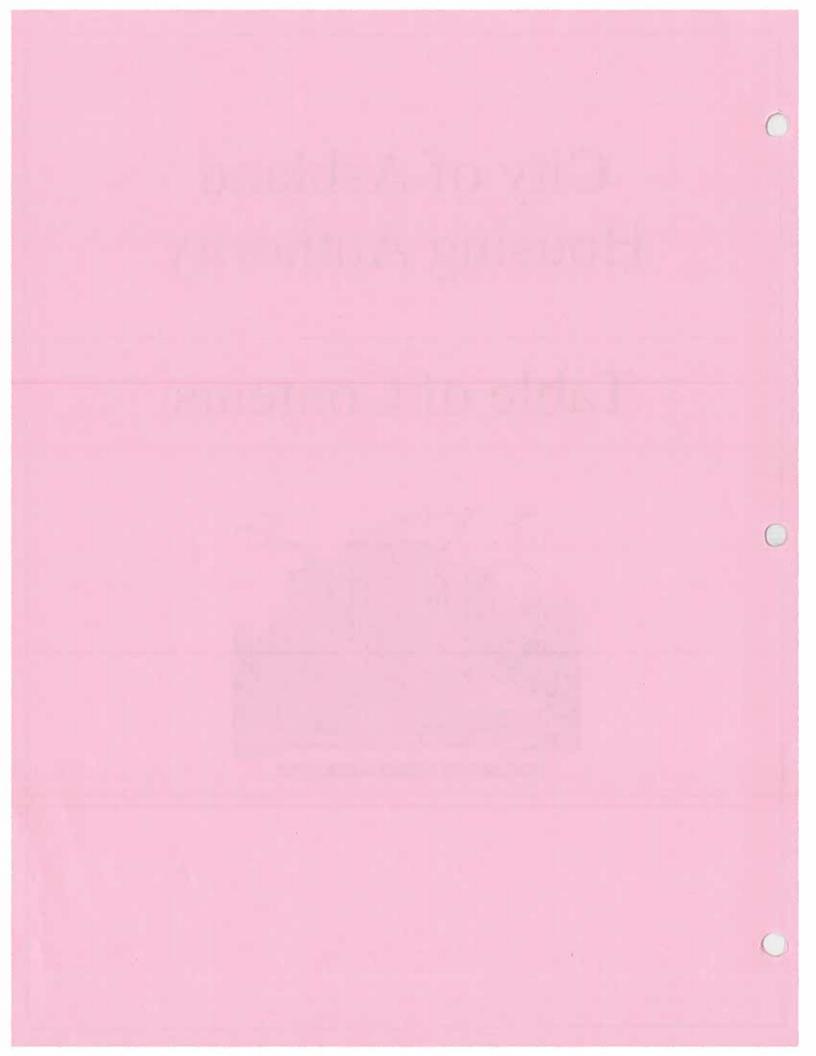
ASHLAND HOUSING AUTHORITY

# City of Ashland Housing Authority

## Table of Contents



ASHLAND HOUSING AUTHORITY



### Introduction ABOUT THE MODEL ACOP

HOW	TO USE THE MODEL ACOP	Intro-i
	UT THE MODEL ACOP AND THE PUBLIC HOUSING LEASE	
REFE	RENCES CITED IN THE MODEL ACOP	Intro-ii
	OURCES CITED IN THE MODEL ACOP	
	Chapter 1	
	OVERVIEW OF THE PROGRAM AND PLAN	
INTR	ODUCTION	1-1
	PART I: THE PHA	
I.A.	OVERVIEW	1.1
I.B.	ORGANIZATION AND STRUCTURE OF THE PHA	
I.C.	PHA MISSION	
I.D.	THE PHA'S COMMITMENT TO ETHICS AND SERVICE	
	PART II: THE PUBLIC HOUSING PROGRAM	
II.A.	OVERVIEW AND HISTORY OF THE PROGRAM	1-5
II.B.	PUBLIC HOUSING PROGRAM BASICS	
II.C.	PUBLIC HOUSING PARTNERSHIPS	
II.D.	APPLICABLE REGULATIONS	
	PART III: THE ADMISSIONS AND CONTINUED OCCUPANCY P	OLICIES
III.A.	OVERVIEW AND PURPOSE OF THE POLICY	1-11
	CONTENTS OF THE POLICY	
	LIPDATING AND REVISING THE POLICY	

## Chapter 2 FAIR HOUSING AND EQUAL OPPORTUNITY

INTR	ODUCTION	2-1
	PART I: NONDISCRIMINATION	
I.A.	OVERVIEW	2-3
I.B.	NONDISCRIMINATION	2-4
	PART II: POLICIES RELATED TO PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES	
II.A.	OVERVIEW	2-7
II.B.	DEFINITION OF REASONABLE ACCOMMODATION	2-8
II.C.	REQUEST FOR AN ACCOMMODATION	
II.D.	VERIFICATION OF DISABILITY	2-10
II.E.	APPROVAL/DENIAL OF A REQUESTED ACCOMMODATION	2-11
II.F.	PROGRAM ACCESSIBILITY FOR PERSONS WITH HEARING OR	
	VISION IMPAIRMENTS	
II.G.	PHYSICAL ACCESSIBILITY	2-13
II.H.	DENIAL OR TERMINATION OF ASSISTANCE	2-14
	PART III: IMPROVING ACCESS TO SERVICES FOR PERSONS WITH	
	LIMITED ENGLISH PROFICIENCY (LEP)	
	OVERVIEW	2-15
III.B.		2-16
III.C.	WRITTEN TRANSLATION	2-16
III.D.	IMPLEMENTATION PLAN	2-17
	EXHIBITS	
2-1:	CODER LEDBRILL	
	CIVIL RIGHTS LAWS	2-19

## Chapter 3 ELIGIBILITY

INTR	ODUCTION	3-1
	PART I: DEFINITIONS OF FAMILY AND HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS	
I.A.	OVERVIEW	3-3
I.B.	FAMILY AND HOUSEHOLD	3-3
I.C.	FAMILY BREAK-UP AND REMAINING MEMBER OF TENANT FAMILY	3-4
I.D.	HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD	3-5
I.E.	SPOUSE, COHEAD, AND OTHER ADULT	3-5
I.F.	DEPENDENT	
I.G.	FULL-TIME STUDENT	
I.H.	ELDERLY AND NEAR-ELDERLY PERSONS, AND ELDERLY FAMILY	
I.I.	PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES AND DISABLED FAMILY	
I.J.	GUESTS	
I.K.	FOSTER CHILDREN AND FOSTER ADULTS	
I.L.	ABSENT FAMILY MEMBERS	
I.M.	LIVE-IN AIDE	3-12
	PART II: BASIC ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA	
II.A.	INCOME ELIGIBILITY AND TARGETING	3-13
II.B.	CITIZENSHIP OR ELIGIBLE IMMIGRATION STATUS	
II.C.	SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBERS	3-17
II.D.	FAMILY CONSENT TO RELEASE OF INFORMATION	3-18
	PART III: DENIAL OF ADMISSION	
III.A.	OVERVIEW	3-19
III.B.	REQUIRED DENIAL OF ADMISSION	
III.C.	OTHER PERMITTED REASONS FOR DENIAL OF ADMISSION	
III.D.	SCREENING	
III.E.	CRITERIA FOR DECIDING TO DENY ADMISSION	3-28
III.F.	PROHIBITION AGAINST DENIAL OF ASSISTANCE TO VICTIMS	
	OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, DATING VIOLENCE, SEXUAL ASSAULT,	
	OR STALKING	
III.G.	NOTICE OF ELIGIBILITY OR DENIAL	3-32
	EXHIBITS	
3-1:	DETAILED DEFINITIONS RELATED TO DISABILITIES	3-33

	Unapter 4	
	APPLICATIONS, WAITING LIST AND TENANT SELECTION	
INTR	ODUCTION4-	-1
	DADEL WILL ADDITION DROCKES	
	PART I: THE APPLICATION PROCESS	
I.A.	OVERVIEW4-	.3
I.B.	APPLYING FOR ASSISTANCE4-	.3
I.C.	ACCESSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATION PROCESS4-	
I.D.	PLACEMENT ON THE WAITING LIST4-	.5
	PART II: MANAGING THE WAITING LIST	
II.A.	OVERVIEW4-	.7
II.B.	ORGANIZATION OF THE WAITING LIST 4-	7
II.C.	OPENING AND CLOSING THE WAITING LIST	
II.D.	FAMILY OUTREACH	
П.E.	REPORTING CHANGES IN FAMILY CIRCUMSTANCES	1
II.F.	UPDATING THE WAITING LIST4-1	
	PART III: TENANT SELECTION	
ΙΙΙ Δ	OVERVIEW4-1	_
III.B.	SELECTION METHOD	
III.C.	NOTIFICATION OF SELECTION	
	THE APPLICATION INTERVIEW	2
	FINAL ELIGIBILITY DETERMINATION	
	Chapter 5 OCCUPANCY STANDARDS AND UNIT OFFERS	
INITD	ODUCTION5-	1
плик	3DUCTION	I
	PART I: OCCUPANCY STANDARDS	
I.A.	OVERVIEW 5-	1
I.B.	DETERMINING UNIT SIZE 5-	2
I.C.	EXCEPTIONS TO OCCUPANCY STANDARDS5-	3
	PART II: UNIT OFFERS	
II.A.	OVERVIEW5-	
II.B.	NUMBER OF OFFERS	
II.C.	TIME LIMIT FOR UNIT OFFER ACCEPTANCE OR REFUSAL	
II.D.	REFUSALS OF UNIT OFFERS	
II.E.	ACCESSIBLE UNITS	
II.F.	DESIGNATED HOUSING 5	Q

## Chapter 6 INCOME AND RENT DETERMINATIONS

INTR	ODUCTION	6-1
	PART I: ANNUAL INCOME	
Ī.A.	OVERVIEW	6-3
I.B.	HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION AND INCOME	
I.C.	ANTICIPATING ANNUAL INCOME	6-7
I.D.	EARNED INCOME	6-9
I.E.	EARNED INCOME DISALLOWANCE	
I.F.	BUSINESS INCOME	6-17
I.G.	ASSETS	
I.H.	PERIODIC PAYMENTS	6-27
I.I.	PAYMENTS IN LIEU OF EARNINGS	
I.J.	WELFARE ASSISTANCE	
I.K.	PERIODIC AND DETERMINABLE ALLOWANCES	
I.L.	ADDITIONAL EXCLUSIONS FROM ANNUAL INCOME	6-32
	DADT II. ADIIICTED INCOME	
	PART II: ADJUSTED INCOME	
II.A.	INTRODUCTION	
II.B.	DEPENDENT DEDUCTION	
II.C.	ELDERLY OR DISABLED FAMILY DEDUCTION	
II.D.	MEDICAL EXPENSES DEDUCTION	
II.E.	DISABILITY ASSISTANCE EXPENSES DEDUCTION	
II.F.	CHILD CARE EXPENSE DEDUCTION	
II.G.	PERMISSIVE DEDUCTIONS	6-46
	PART III: CALCULATING RENT	
ΤΙΤ Δ	OVERVIEW OF INCOME-BASED RENT CALCULATIONS	6-47
III.B.	FINANCIAL HARDSHIPS AFFECTING MINIMUM RENT	
III.C.	UTILITY ALLOWANCES	
	PRORATED RENT FOR MIXED FAMILIES	
	FLAT RENTS AND FAMILY CHOICE IN RENTS	
	EXHIBITS	
6-1:	ANNUAL INCOME INCLUSIONS	
6-2:	ANNUAL INCOME EXCLUSIONS	
6-3:	TREATMENT OF FAMILY ASSETS	
6-4:	EARNED INCOME DISALLOWANCE	
6-5:	THE EFFECT OF WELFARE BENEFIT REDUCTION	6-69

#### Chapter 7 VERIFICATION

INTR	ODUCTION	7-1
	PART I: GENERAL VERIFICATION REQUIREMENTS	
I.A.	FAMILY CONSENT TO RELEASE OF INFORMATION	7-1
I.B.	OVERVIEW OF VERIFICATION REQUIREMENTS	
I.C.	UP-FRONT INCOME VERIFICATION (UIV)	
I.D.	THIRD-PARTY WRITTEN AND ORAL VERIFICATION	7-6
I.E.	SELF-CERTIFICATION	
	PART II: VERIFYING FAMILY INFORMATION	
II.A.	VERIFICATION OF LEGAL IDENTITY	7-11
II.B.	SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBERS	7-12
II.C.	DOCUMENTATION OF AGE	7-13
II.D.	FAMILY RELATIONSHIPS	
II.E.	VERIFICATION OF STUDENT STATUS	7-15
II.F.	DOCUMENTATION OF DISABILITY	
II.G.	CITIZENSHIP OR ELIGIBLE IMMIGRATION STATUS	
II.H.	VERIFICATION OF PREFERENCE STATUS	7-18
	PART III: VERIFYING INCOME AND ASSETS	
III.A.	EARNED INCOME	7-19
Ш.В.	BUSINESS AND SELF EMPLOYMENT INCOME	7-19
III.C.	PERIODIC PAYMENTS AND PAYMENTS IN LIEU OF EARNINGS	
III.D.	ALIMONY OR CHILD SUPPORT	7-21
III.E.	ASSETS AND INCOME FROM ASSETS	7-22
III.F.	NET INCOME FROM RENTAL PROPERTY	
III.G.	RETIREMENT ACCOUNTS	7-23
III.H.		
III.I.	ZERO ANNUAL INCOME STATUS	7-24
	PART IV: VERIFYING MANDATORY DEDUCTIONS	
IV.A.	DEPENDENT AND ELDERLY/DISABLED HOUSEHOLD DEDUCTIONS	7-25
IV.B.	MEDICAL EXPENSE DEDUCTION	7-26
IV.C.	DISABILITY ASSISTANCE EXPENSES	7-28
IV.D.	CHILD CARE EXPENSES	7-30
	EXHIBITS	
7-1:	Summary of Documentation Requirements for Noncitizens	7-33

### Chapter 8 LEASING AND INSPECTIONS

INTR	ODUCTION	8-1
	PART I: LEASING	
I.A.	OVERVIEW	
I.B.	LEASE ORIENTATION	8-2
I.C.	EXECUTION OF LEASE	
I.D.	MODIFICATIONS TO THE LEASE	8-4
I.E.	SECURITY DEPOSITS	8-6
I.F.	PAYMENTS UNDER THE LEASE	
	PART II: INSPECTIONS	
II.A.	OVERVIEW	8-11
II.B.	TYPES OF INSPECTIONS	8-11
II.C.	NOTICE AND SCHEDULING OF INSPECTIONS	8-13
II.D.	INSPECTION RESULTS	8-14

## Chapter 9 REEXAMINATIONS

INTR	ODUCTION	9-1
	PART I: ANNUAL REEXAMINATIONS FOR FAMILIES PAYING INCOME-BASED RENTS	
т .		
I.A.	OVERVIEW	9-3
I.B.	STREAMLINED ANNUAL REEXAMINATIONS	9-4
I.C.	SCHEDULING ANNUAL REEXAMINATIONS	
I.D.	CONDUCTING ANNUAL REEXAMINATIONS	
I.E.	EFFECTIVE DATES	9-8
	PART II: REEXAMINATIONS FOR FAMILIES PAYING FLAT RENTS	
II.A.	OVERVIEW	9_9
II.B.		9_9
II.C.	REEXAMINATION OF FAMILY COMPOSITION ("ANNUAL UPDATE")	
	PART III: INTERIM REEXAMINATIONS	
III.A.	OVERVIEW	9-13
III.B.	CHANGES IN FAMILY AND HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION	9-13
III.C.	CHANGES AFFECTING INCOME OR EXPENSES	9-15
III.D.	PROCESSING THE INTERIM REEXAMINATION	9-17
	PART IV: RECALCULATING TENANT RENT	
IV.A.	OVERVIEW	9-19
IV.B.	CHANGES IN UTILITY ALLOWANCES	9-19
IV.C.	NOTIFICATION OF NEW TENANT RENT	9-19
IV.D.	DISCREPANCIES	9-20

#### Chapter 10 PETS

INTR	ODUCTION	10-1
	PART I: SERVICE ANIMALS AND ASSISTANCE ANIMALS	
I.A.	OVERVIEW	
I.B.	APPROVAL OF ASSISTANCE ANIMALS	10-4
I.C.	CARE AND HANDLING	10-5
	PART II: PET POLICIES FOR ALL DEVELOPMENTS	
II.A.	OVERVIEW	10-7
II.B.	MANAGEMENT APPROVAL OF PETS	
II.C.	STANDARDS FOR PETS	
II.D.	PET RULES.	10-11
	PART III: PET DEPOSITS AND FEES IN	
	ELDERLY/DISABLED DEVELOPMENTS	
III.A.	OVERVIEW	10-17
III.B.	PET DEPOSITS	10-17
III.C.	OTHER CHARGES	10-18
	PART IV: PET DEPOSITS AND FEES IN GENERAL	
	OCCUPANCY DEVELOPMENTS	
IV.A.	OVERVIEW	10-19
	PET DEPOSITS	
IV.C.	NON-REFUNDABLE NOMINAL PET FEE	10-20
IV.D.	OTHER CHARGES	10-21

## Chapter 11 COMMUNITY SERVICE

INTR	ODUCTION	11-1
	PART I: COMMUNITY SERVICE REQUIREMENT	
I.A.	OVERVIEW	11-1
I.B.	REQUIREMENTS	11-2
I.C.	DETERMINATION OF EXEMPTION STATUS AND COMPLIANCE	11-7
I.D.	DOCUMENTATION AND VERIFICATION	11-11
I.E.	NONCOMPLIANCE	11-13
	PART II: IMPLEMENTATION OF COMMUNITY SERVICE	
II.A.	OVERVIEW	11-17
	EXHIBITS	
11-1:	COMMUNITY SERVICE AND SELF-SUFFICIENCY POLICY	11-19
11-2:	DEFINITION OF A PERSON WITH A DISABILITY UNDER SOCIAL	
	SECURITY ACTS 216(i)(l) and Section 1416(excerpt) FOR PURPOSES	
		11.05
	OF EXEMPTION FROM COMMUNITY SERVICE	11-25
11-3:	PHA DETERMINATION OF EXEMPTION FOR COMMUNITY SERVICE	

#### Chapter 12 TRANSFER POLICY

INTR	ODUCTION	12-1	
	PART I: EMERGENCY TRANSFERS		
I.A.	OVERVIEW	12-1	
I.B.	EMERGENCY TRANSFERS	12-2	
I.C.	EMERGENCY TRANSFER PROCEDURES	12-2	
I.D.	COSTS OF TRANSFER	12-2	
	PART II: PHA REQUIRED TRANSFERS		
II.A.	OVERVIEW	12-3	
II.B.	TYPES OF PHA REQUIRED TRANSFERS	12-3	
II.C.	ADVERSE ACTION		
II.D.	COST OF TRANSFER	12-6	
	PART III: TRANSFERS REQUESTED BY TENANTS		
III.A.	OVERVIEW	12-7	
III.B.	TYPES OF RESIDENT REQUESTED TRANSFERS		
III.C.	ELIGIBILITY FOR TRANSFER		
III.D.	SECURITY DEPOSITS		
III.E.	COST OF TRANSFER		
III.F.	HANDLING OF REQUESTS	12-10	
	PART IV: TRANSFER PROCESSING		
IV.A.	OVERVIEW	12-11	
IV.B.	TRANSFER LIST		
IV.C.	TRANSFER OFFER POLICY		
IV.D.	GOOD CAUSE FOR UNIT REFUSAL		
IV.E.	DECONCENTRATION		
IV.F.	REEXAMINATION POLICIES FOR TRANSFERS	12-13	

#### Chapter 13 LEASE TERMINATIONS

INTR	ODUCTION13	-1
	PART I: TERMINATION BY TENANT	
I.A.	TENANT CHOOSES TO TERMINATE THE LEASE	-3
	PART II: TERMINATION BY PHA – MANDATORY	
II.A.	OVERVIEW	-5
II.B.	FAILURE TO PROVIDE CONSENT	-5
II.C.	FAILURE TO DOCUMENT CITIZENSHIP	
II.D.	FAILURE TO DISCLOSE AND DOCUMENT SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBERS 13	_
II.E.	FAILURE TO ACCEPT THE PHA'S OFFER OF A LEASE REVISION	
II.F.	METHAMPHETAMINE CONVICTION	-7
II.G	LIFETIME REGISTERED SEX OFFENDERS	
П.Н.	NONCOMPLIANCE WITH COMMUNITY SERVICE REQUIREMENTS 13	-7
II.I.	DEATH OF A SOLE FAMILY MEMBER	
	PART III: TERMINATION BY PHA – OTHER AUTHORIZED REASONS	
III.A.	OVERVIEW 13-	-9
III.B.	MANDATORY LEASE PROVISIONS	0
III.C.	OTHER AUTHORIZED REASONS FOR TERMINATION	6
III.D.	ALTERNATIVES TO TERMINATION OF TENANCY 13-1	8
III.E.	CRITERIA FOR DECIDING TO TERMINATE TENANCY 13-1	9
III.F.	TERMINATIONS RELATED TO DOMESTIC VIOLENCE,	
	DATING VIOLENCE, SEXUAL ASSAULT, OR STALKING 13-2	23
	PART IV: NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS, EVICTION	
	PROCEDURES AND RECORD KEEPING	
T37 A	OVERVIEW	. 7
IV.A. IV.B.		.7
IV.C.	DISCLOSURE OF CRIMINAL RECORDS TO FAMILY	
	LEASE TERMINATION NOTICE	
	EVICTION	-
IV F	NOTIFICATION TO POST OFFICE 13-3	17
	RECORD KEEPING	
4 T.U.	- RECORD REEL HIO 13-3	14

## Chapter 14 GRIEVANCES AND APPEALS

INTR	ODUCTION	14-1
	PART I: INFORMAL HEARINGS FOR PUBLIC HOUSING APPLICANTS	
I.A.	OVERVIEW	14-1
I.B.	INFORMAL HEARING PROCESS	
	PART II: INFORMAL HEARINGS WITH REGARD TO NONCITIZENS	
П.А.	HEARING AND APPEAL PROVISIONS FOR NONCITIZENS	14-5
P	ART III: GRIEVANCE PROCEDURES FOR PUBLIC HOUSING RESIDENT	S
III.A.	REQUIREMENTS	14-9
III.B.	DEFINITIONS	
III.C.	APPLICABILITY	
III.D.	INFORMAL SETTLEMENT OF GRIEVANCE	14-12
III.E.	PROCEDURES TO OBTAIN A HEARING	
III.F.	SELECTION OF HEARING OFFICER/PANEL	
	PROCEDURES GOVERNING THE HEARING	
Ш.Н.	DECISION OF THE HEARING OFFICER/PANEL	14-20
	Chapter 15 PROGRAM INTEGRITY	
INTR	ODUCTION	15-1
	PART I: PREVENTING, DETECTING, AND INVESTIGATING ERRORS AND PROGRAM ABUSE	
I.A.	PREVENTING ERRORS AND PROGRAM ABUSE	15-3
I.B.	DETECTING ERRORS AND PROGRAM ABUSE	
I.C.	INVESTIGATING ERRORS AND PROGRAM ABUSE	
	PART II: CORRECTIVE MEASURES AND PENALTIES	
II.A.	UNDER- OR OVERPAYMENT	
II.B.	FAMILY-CAUSED ERRORS AND PROGRAM ABUSE	
II.C.	PHA-CAUSED ERRORS OR PROGRAM ABUSE	15-10
II.D.	CRIMINAL PROSECUTION	
II.E.	FRAUD AND PROGRAM ABUSE RECOVERIES	15-12

## Chapter 16 PROGRAM ADMINISTRATION

INTR	NTRODUCTION16-		
	PART I: SETTING UTILITY ALLOWANCES		
I.A.	OVERVIEW	16-3	
I.B	UTILITY ALLOWANCES		
I.C.	SURCHARGES FOR PHA-FURNISHED UTILITIES	16-5	
I.D.	NOTICE REQUIREMENTS	16-5	
I.E.	REASONABLE ACCOMMODATION	16-6	
	PART II: ESTABLISHING FLAT RENTS AND PUBLIC HOUSING MAXIMUM RENTS		
II.A.	OVERVIEW	16-7	
II.B.			
	PART III: FAMILY DEBTS TO THE PHA		
III.A.	OVERVIEW	16-9	
III.B.	REPAYMENT POLICY	16-10	
	PART IV: PUBLIC HOUSING ASSESSMENT SYSTEM (PHAS)		
IV.A.	OVERVIEW	16-13	
IV.B.	PHAS INDICATORS	16-13	
	PHAS SCORING		
	PART V: RECORD KEEPING		
V.A.	OVERVIEW	16-17	
V.B.	RECORD RETENTION		
V.C.	RECORDS MANAGEMENT	16-18	
	PART VI: REPORTING REQUIREMENTS FOR CHILDREN WITH ENVIRONMENTAL INTERVENTION BLOOD LEAD LEVEL		
VI.A.	REPORTING REQUIREMENTS	16-21	
		10-21	

PART VII: VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT (VAWA): NOTIFICATION, DOCUMENTATION, AND CONFIDENTIALITY			
VII.A.	OVERVIEW	16-25	
VII.B.	DEFINITIONS	16-25	
VII.C.	NOTIFICATION	16-26	
VII.D.	DOCUMENTATION	16-28	
VII.E.	CONFIDENTIALITY	16-30	
	EXHIBITS		
16-1:	SAMPLE NOTICE TO PUBLIC HOUSING APPLICANTS AND RESIDENTS		
	REGARDING THE VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT (VAWA)	16-31	
	Glossary		

#### Introduction

#### ABOUT THE MODEL ACOP

#### HOW TO USE THE MODEL ACOP

The model ACOP includes recommended language for each area in which the PHA has discretion or flexibility to adopt its own policies. To make the editing process easier, the model ACOP contains only **one version** of each policy – generally HUD's safe harbor policy or the policy that seems to be common to most PHAs. This means that if the model policy language works for your PHA, no cutting and pasting is required.

HUD regulations and other requirements are described in detail in the model ACOP with appropriate citations. They are also summarized in the policy guide as needed to assist in making decisions.

#### The Policy Guide and Instructions

The policy guide is a decision-making tool for PHA policy makers. You can use the guide as a checklist for evaluating your compliance with HUD requirements and for making decisions about local policies. PHA decision points are identified throughout this document with this symbol:



The policy guide provides recommended language and policy options and explains why the recommended language is used in the model ACOP.

• If you decide to adopt an alternative policy, you may edit or delete the NMA-provided language in the model ACOP, cut and paste another option from the policy guide, or develop and type in your own wording.

Before starting work on the revision, print out the Acrobat PDF files of the model ACOP pages and policy guide for each chapter. Read through the model policy and review the decision points in the policy guide to determine if you want to make any changes to the model ACOP. After you have edited the model ACOP, print out the revised chapter to update your hard copy and, and edit the table of contents (TOC) file if necessary to update the TOC for your ACOP.

#### **Working with the Computer Files**

On your hard drive or network drive, set up a *subdirectory* (such as ACOPrev) for the ACOP revision in your ACOP or other directory in which you keep your documents. Copy the files for the policy document and the guide chapters from the CD-ROM into that directory and use them as your working files. Store your CD-ROM in a safe place.

#### ABOUT THE MODEL ACOP AND THE PUBLIC HOUSING LEASE

PHA policy must be consistent with the public housing lease and any policy documents provided to tenants, and the lease and policy documents must comply with federal and state law.

The model ACOP contains policies that reflect the terms of your public housing lease. Policies on a particular topic may be included in the public housing lease, or may be a separate document incorporated in the lease by reference, such as a pet policy or transfer policy.

Because of variations in state and local landlord-tenant law, and because HUD affords PHAs wide discretion in some areas, a broad range of policies could be acceptable. Only a few of these compliant policies can be listed in the model ACOP.

If you are assured that your current board-approved public housing lease or separate policy document is up-to-date and is compliant with HUD requirements and with federal, state, and local laws, then it is neither necessary nor advisable to revise the terms of your lease or policy document to match default policies in the model ACOP. Instead, you should edit the model ACOP to match the terms of your existing public housing lease.

#### REFERENCES CITED IN THE MODEL ACOP

Authority for PHA policies is derived from many sources. Primary among these sources are regulations and guidance issued by HUD. State law also directs PHA policy. State law must be followed where such law exists and does not conflict with federal regulations. In the absence of legal requirements or HUD guidance, industry practice may lead to PHA policy. Finally, the public housing lease will affect PHA policy and therefore must be consistent with federal and state laws and regulations.

#### HUD

HUD provides the primary source of PHA policy through federal regulations, HUD Notices and handbooks. Compliance with federal regulations, current HUD Notices and HUD handbooks is mandatory.

HUD provides nonmandatory guidance to PHAs through HUD published guidebooks. Expired HUD Notices and handbooks also provide guidance for PHA policy. Following HUD guidance is optional, as long as PHA policies comply with federal law, federal regulations and mandatory policy. Because HUD has already determined that the guidance it provides is consistent with mandatory policies, PHA reliance on HUD guidance provides the PHA with a "safe harbor."

Content contained on the HUD website can provide further clarification of HUD policies. For example, FAQs on the HUD website can provide direction on the application of federal regulations to a specific pattern.

#### State Law

Where there is no mandatory federal guidance, PHAs must comply with state law, if it exists. Where state law is more restrictive than federal law, but does not conflict with it, the PHA should follow the state law.

#### **Industry Practice**

Where no law or HUD authority exists on a particular subject, industry practice may support PHA policy. An industry practice is a way of doing things that is followed by most housing authorities.

#### RESOURCES CITED IN THE MODEL ACOP

The model ACOP cites several documents. Where a document or resource is cited frequently, it may be abbreviated. Where it is cited only once or twice, the model ACOP may contain the entire name of the document or resource. Following is a key to abbreviations used for various sources that are frequently cited in the ACOP, and a list of references and document locations that are referenced in the model ACOP or that may be helpful to you.

#### **Abbreviations**

Throughout the model ACOP, abbreviations are used to designate certain documents in citations. The following is a table of abbreviations of documents cited by the model ACOP.

Abbreviation	Document
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
HCV GB	Housing Choice Voucher Program Guidebook (7420.10G), April 2001.
HUD-50058 IB	HUD-50058 Instruction Booklet
PH OCC GB	Public Housing Occupancy Guidebook, June 2003
RHIIP FAQs	Rental Housing Integrity Improvement Program (RHIIP) Frequently Asked Questions
VG	Verification Guidance, March 2004 (attachment to PIH Notice 2004-1)

#### Resources and Where to Find Them

Following is a list of resources helpful to the PHA or referenced in the model ACOP, and the online location of each.

#### **Document and Location**

Code of Federal Regulations

http://www.ecfr.gov

Earned Income Disregard FAQs

http://www.hud.gov/offices/pih/phr/about/ao\_faq\_eid.cfm

Enterprise Income Verification (EIV) System PHA Security Procedures, Version 1.2, issued January 2005

http://www.hud.gov/offices/pih/programs/ph/rhiip/docs/eivsecguidepha.pdf

Executive Order 11063

http://www.hud.gov/offices/fheo/FHLaws/EXO11063.cfm

Federal Register

http://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/search/getfrtoc.action

General Income and Rent Determination FAQs

http://www.hud.gov/offices/pih/programs/ph/rhiip/faq\_gird.cfm

Housing Choice Voucher Program Guidebook (7420.10G), April 2001

http://www.hud.gov/offices/pih/programs/hcv/forms/guidebook.cfm

**HUD-50058 Instruction Booklet** 

http://portal.hud.gov/hudportal/documents/huddoc?id=50058i.pdf

Joint Statement of the Department of Housing and Urban Development and the Department of Justice, issued May 17, 2004

http://www.hud.gov/offices/fheo/library/huddojstatement.pdf

Final Guidance to Federal Financial Assistance Recipients Regarding Title VI Prohibition Against National Origin Discrimination Affecting Limited English Proficient Persons, published January 22, 2007

http://www.hud.gov/offices/fheo/promotingfh/FederalRegistepublishedguidance.pdf

Notice PIH 2007-27 (HA), Disallowed Costs and Sanctions Resulting from On-Site Monitoring Reviews

http://www.hud.gov/offices/pih/publications/notices/07/pih2007-27.pdf

Notice PIH 2012-10, Verification of Social Security Numbers (SSNs) and Supplemental Security Income (SSI) Benefits; and Effective Use of the Enterprise Income Verification (EIV) System's Identity Verification Report

http://portal.hud.gov/huddoc/pih2012-10.pdf

Notice PIH 2010-19, Administrative Guidance for Effective and Mandated Use of the Enterprise Income Verification (EIV) System

http://www.hud.gov/offices/pih/publications/notices/10/pih2010-19.pdf

Notice PIH 2010-26 (HA), Nondiscrimination and Accessibility Notice http://www.hud.gov/offices/pih/publications/notices/10/pih2010-26.pdf

OMB Circular A-133

http://www.whitehouse.gov/omb/circulars/a133\_compliance\_supplement\_2010

Public Housing Occupancy Guidebook, June 2003

http://www.hud.gov/offices/pih/programs/ph/rhiip/phguidebook.cfm

Rental Housing Integrity Improvement Program (RHIIP) Frequently Asked Questions <a href="http://www.hud.gov/offices/pih/programs/ph/rhiip/faq.cfm">http://www.hud.gov/offices/pih/programs/ph/rhiip/faq.cfm</a>

VAWA Reauthorization Act of 2013

http://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2013-08-06/pdf/2013-18920.pdf

Verification FAQs

http://www.hud.gov/offices/pih/programs/ph/rhiip/faq\_verif.cfm

Verification Guidance, March 2004 (attachment to Notice PIH 2004-1)

http://www.hud.gov/offices/pih/publications/notices/04/verifguidance.pdf

The HUD Web site is http://portal.hud.gov/hudportal/HUD.

Guidebooks, handbooks, and other HUD resources may be found at the HUDClips Web site: http://portal.hud.gov/hudportal/HUD?src=/program\_offices/administration/hudclips.

#### Chapters

- 1. Overview of the Program and Plan
- 2. Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity
- 3. Eligibility
- 4. Applications, Waiting List, and Tenant Selection
- 5. Occupancy Standards and Unit Offers
- 6. Income and Rent Determinations
- 7. Verification
- 8. Leasing and Inspections
- 9. Reexaminations
- 10. Pets
- 11. Community Service
- 12. Transfer Policy
- 13. Lease Terminations
- 14. Grievances and Appeals
- 15. Program Integrity
- 16. Program Administration

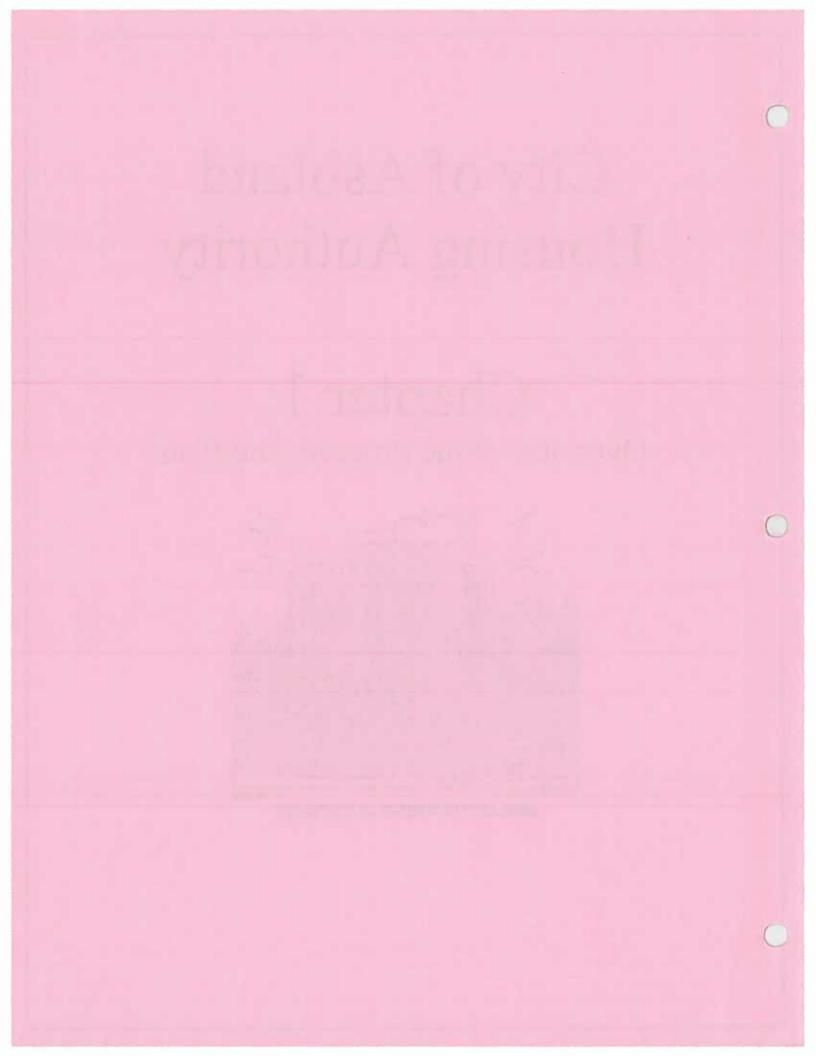
# City of Ashland Housing Authority

## Chapter 1

Overview of the Program and Plan



ASHLAND HOUSING AUTHORITY



#### Chapter 1

#### OVERVIEW OF THE PROGRAM AND PLAN

#### INTRODUCTION

The PHA receives its operating subsidy for the public housing program from the Department of Housing and Urban Development. The PHA is not a federal department or agency. A public housing agency (PHA) is a governmental or public body, created and authorized by state law to develop and operate housing and housing programs for low-income families. The PHA enters into an Annual Contributions Contract with HUD to administer the public housing program. The PHA must ensure compliance with federal laws, regulations and notices and must establish policies and procedures to clarify federal requirements and to ensure consistency in program operation.

This chapter contains information about the PHA and its programs with emphasis on the public housing program. It also contains information about the purpose, intent and use of the plan and guide.

There are three parts to this chapter:

<u>Part I: The Public Housing Agency (PHA)</u>. This part includes a description of the PHA, its jurisdiction, its programs, and its mission and intent.

<u>Part II: The Public Housing Program</u>. This part contains information about public housing operation, roles and responsibilities, and partnerships.

<u>Part III: The Admissions and Continued Occupancy (ACOP)</u>. This part discusses the purpose and organization of the plan and its revision requirements.

#### PART I: THE PHA

#### 1-I.A. OVERVIEW

This part describes the PHA's creation and authorization, the general structure of the organization, and the relationship between the PHA Board and staff.

#### 1-I.B. ORGANIZATION AND STRUCTURE OF THE PHA

Public housing is funded by the federal government and administered by the City of Ashland for the jurisdiction of City of Ashland.

PHAs are governed by a board of officials that are generally called "commissioners." Although some PHAs may use a different title for their officials, this document will hitherto refer to the "board of commissioners" or the "board" when discussing the board of governing officials.

Commissioners are appointed in accordance with state housing law and generally serve in the same capacity as the directors of a corporation. The board of commissioners establishes policies under which the PHA conducts business, and ensures that those policies are followed by PHA staff. The board is responsible for preserving and expanding the agency's resources and assuring the agency's continued viability and success.

Formal actions of the PHA are taken through written resolutions, adopted by the board and entered into the official records of the PHA.

The principal staff member of the PHA is the executive director (ED), who is selected and hired by the board. The ED oversees the day to day operations of the PHA and is directly responsible for carrying out the policies established by the commissioners. The ED's duties include hiring, training, and supervising the PHA's staff, as well as budgeting and financial planning for the agency. Additionally, the ED is charged with ensuring compliance with federal and state laws, and program mandates. In some PHAs, the ED is known by another title, such as chief executive officer or president.

#### 1-I.C. PHA MISSION

The purpose of a mission statement is to communicate the purpose of the agency to people inside and outside of the agency. It provides the basis for strategy development, identification of critical success factors, resource allocation decisions, as well as ensuring client and stakeholder satisfaction.

#### **AHA PHA Policy**

The PHA's mission is to provide safe, decent, affordable, accessible and sanitary housing for low income individuals and families, while managing resources efficiently. The PHA is to promote an environment free from discrimination while supporting autonomous lifestyles for all tenants.

#### 1-I.D. THE PHA'S COMMITMENT TO ETHICS AND SERVICE

As a public service agency, the PHA is committed to providing excellent service to all public housing applicants, residents, and the public. In order to provide superior service, the PHA resolves to:

- Administer applicable federal and state laws and regulations to achieve high ratings in compliance measurement indicators while maintaining efficiency in program operation to ensure fair and consistent treatment of clients served.
- Provide decent, safe, and sanitary housing in good repair in compliance with program uniform physical condition standards for very low- and low-income families.
- Achieve a healthy mix of incomes in its public housing developments by attracting and retaining higher income families and by working toward deconcentration of poverty goals.
- Encourage self-sufficiency of participant families and assist in the expansion of family opportunities which address educational, socio-economic, recreational and other human services needs.
- Promote fair housing and the opportunity for very low- and low-income families of all races, ethnicities, national origins, religions, ethnic backgrounds, and with all types of disabilities, to participate in the public housing program and its services.
- Create positive public awareness and expand the level of family and community support in accomplishing the PHA's mission.
- Attain and maintain a high level of standards and professionalism in day-to-day management of all program components.
- Administer an efficient, high-performing agency through continuous improvement of the PHA's support systems and commitment to our employees and their development.

The PHA will make every effort to keep residents informed of program rules and regulations, and to advise participants of how the program rules affect them.

#### PART II: THE PUBLIC HOUSING PROGRAM

#### 1-II.A. OVERVIEW AND HISTORY OF THE PROGRAM

The intent of this section is to provide the public and staff an overview of the history and operation of public housing.

The United States Housing Act of 1937 (the "Act") is responsible for the birth of federal housing program initiatives, known as public housing. The Act was intended to provide financial assistance to states and cities for public works projects, slum clearance and the development of affordable housing for low-income residents. There have been many changes to the program since its inception in 1937.

The Housing Act of 1965 established the availability of federal assistance, administered through local public agencies, to provide rehabilitation grants for home repairs and rehabilitation. This act also created the federal Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD).

The Housing Act of 1969 created an operating subsidy for the public housing program for the first time. Until that time, public housing was a self-sustaining program.

In 1998, the Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act (QHWRA) – also known as the Public Housing Reform Act or Housing Act of 1998 – was signed into law. Its purpose was to provide more private sector management guidelines to the public housing program and provide residents with greater choices. It also allowed PHAs more remedies to replace or revitalize severely distressed public housing developments. Highlights of the Reform Act include: the establishment of flat rents; the requirement for PHAs to develop five-year and annual plans; income targeting, a requirement that 40% of all new admissions in public housing during any given fiscal year be reserved for extremely low-income families; and resident self-sufficiency incentives.

#### 1-II.B. PUBLIC HOUSING PROGRAM BASICS

HUD writes and publishes regulations in order to implement public housing laws enacted by Congress. HUD contracts with the PHA to administer programs in accordance with HUD regulations and provides an operating subsidy to the PHA. The PHA must create written policies that are consistent with HUD regulations. Among these policies is the PHA's Admissions and Continued Occupancy Policy (ACOP). The ACOP must be approved by the board of commissioners of the PHA.

The job of the PHA pursuant to HUD regulations is to provide decent, safe, and sanitary housing, in good repair, to low-income families at an affordable rent. The PHA screens applicants for public housing and, if they are determined to be eligible for the program, the PHA makes an offer of a housing unit. If the applicant accepts the offer, the PHA and the applicant will enter into a written lease agreement. At this point, the applicant becomes a tenant in the public housing program.

In the context of the public housing program, a tenant is defined as the adult person(s) (other than a live-in aide who (1) executed the lease with the PHA as lessee of the dwelling unit, or, if no such person now resides in the unit, (2) who resides in the unit, and who is the remaining head of household of the tenant family residing in the dwelling unit. [24 CFR 966.53]. The Public Housing Occupancy Guidebook refers to tenants as "residents." The terms "tenant" and "resident" are used interchangeably in this policy. Additionally, this policy uses the term "family" or "families" for residents or applicants, depending on context.

Since the PHA owns the public housing development, the PHA is the landlord. The PHA must comply with all of the legal and management responsibilities of a landlord in addition to administering the program in accordance with HUD regulations and AHA PHA Policy.

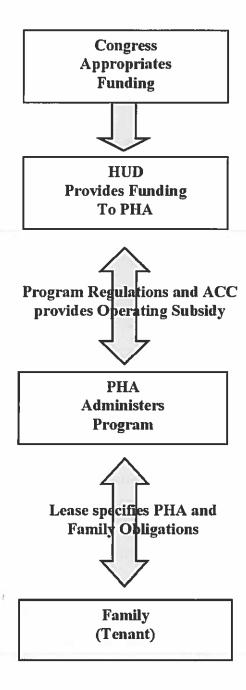
#### 1-II.C. PUBLIC HOUSING PARTNERSHIPS

To administer the public housing program, the PHA must enter into an Annual Contributions Contract (ACC) with HUD. The PHA also enters into a contractual relationship with the tenant through the public housing lease. These contracts define and describe the roles and responsibilities of each party.

In addition to the ACC, the PHA and family must also comply with federal regulations and other HUD publications and directives. For the program to work and be successful, all parties involved – HUD, the PHA, and the tenant – play an important role.

The chart on the following page illustrates key aspects of these relationships.

#### The Public Housing Relationships



#### What does HUD do?

Federal law is the source of HUD responsibilities. HUD has the following major responsibilities:

- Develop regulations, requirements, handbooks, notices and other guidance to implement housing legislation passed by Congress
- Allocate operating subsidies to PHAs
- Allocate capital funding to PHAs
- Provide technical assistance to PHAs on interpreting and applying program requirements
- Monitor PHA compliance with program requirements and PHA performance in program administration.

#### What does the PHA do?

The PHA's responsibilities originate in federal regulations and the ACC. The PHA owns and manages public housing developments, administers the program under contract with HUD and has the following major responsibilities:

- Ensure compliance with all non-discrimination, equal opportunity, and fair housing laws, and ensure that the program is accessible to persons with disabilities
- Establish local policies and procedures for operating the program
- Accept applications from interested applicant families and determine whether they are income eligible for the program
- Maintain waiting list and select families for admission
- Screen applicant families for suitability as renters
- Maintain housing units by making any necessary repairs in a timely manner
- Make unit offers to families (minimize vacancies without overcrowding)
- Maintain properties to the standard of decent, safe, sanitary, and in good repair (including assuring compliance with uniform physical conditions standards)
- Make sure the PHA has adequate financial resources to maintain its housing stock
- Perform regular reexaminations of family income and composition in accordance with HUD requirements
- Collect rent due from the assisted family and comply with and enforce provisions of the lease
- Ensure that families comply with program rules
- Provide families with prompt and professional service
- Comply with HUD regulations and requirements, the Annual Contributions Contract, HUDapproved applications for funding, the PHA's ACOP, and other applicable federal, state and local laws.

#### What does the tenant do?

The tenant's responsibilities are articulated in the public housing lease. The tenant has the following broad responsibilities:

- Comply with the terms of the lease and PHA house rules, as applicable
- Provide the PHA with complete and accurate information, determined by the PHA to be necessary for administration of the program
- Cooperate in attending all appointments scheduled by the PHA
- Allow the PHA to inspect the unit at reasonable times and after reasonable notice
- Take responsibility for care of the housing unit, including any violations of uniform physical condition standards caused by the family
- Not engage in drug-related or violent criminal activity
- Notify the PHA before moving or termination of the lease
- Use the assisted unit only for residence and as the sole residence of the family. Not sublet the unit or assign the lease
- Promptly notify the PHA of any changes in family composition
- Not commit fraud, bribery, or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with any housing programs
- Take care of the housing unit and report maintenance problems to the PHA promptly

If all parties fulfill their obligations in a professional and timely manner, the program responsibilities will be fulfilled in an effective manner.

#### 1-II.D. APPLICABLE REGULATIONS

Applicable regulations include:

- 24 CFR Part 5: General Program Requirements
- 24 CFR Part 8: Nondiscrimination
- 24 CFR Part 35: Lead-Based Paint
- 24 CFR Part 902: Public Housing Assessment System
- 24 CFR Part 903: Public Housing Agency Plans
- 24 CFR Part 945: Designated Housing
- 24 CFR Part 960: Admission and Occupancy Policies
- 24 CFR Part 965: PHA-Owned or Leased Projects General Provisions
- 24 CFR Part 966: Lease and Grievance Procedures

#### PART III: THE ADMISSIONS AND CONTINUED OCCUPANCY POLICIES

#### 1-III.A. OVERVIEW AND PURPOSE OF THE POLICY

The ACOP is the PHA's written statement of policies used to carry out the housing program in accordance with federal law and regulations, and HUD requirements. The ACOP is required by HUD and it must be available for public review [CFR 24 Part 903]. The ACOP also contains policies that support the objectives contained in the PHA's Agency Plan.

All issues related to public housing not addressed in this ACOP are governed by federal regulations, HUD handbooks and guidebooks, notices and applicable state and local laws. The policies in this ACOP have been designed to ensure compliance with the consolidated ACC and all HUD-approved applications for program funding. The PHA is responsible for complying with all changes in HUD regulations pertaining to public housing. If such changes conflict with this plan, HUD regulations will have precedence.

#### 1-III.B. CONTENTS OF THE POLICY

Unlike the housing choice voucher program, HUD regulations for public housing do not contain a list of what must be included in the ACOP. However, individual regulations contain requirements of inclusion in the PHA's written policy. At a minimum, the ACOP plan should cover PHA policies on these subjects:

- The organization of the waiting list and how families are selected and offered available units, including any PHA admission preferences, procedures for removing applicant names from the waiting list, and procedures for closing and reopening the PHA waiting list (Chapters 4 and 5)
- Transfer policies and the circumstances under which a transfer would take precedence over an admission (Chapter 12)
- Standards for determining eligibility, suitability for tenancy, and the size and type of the unit needed (Chapters 3 and 5)
- Procedures for verifying the information the family has provided (Chapter 7)
- The method for achieving deconcentration of poverty and income-mixing of public housing developments (Chapter 4)
- Grievance procedures (Chapter 14)
- Policies concerning payment by a family to the PHA of amounts the family owes the PHA (Chapter 15 and 16)
- Interim redeterminations of family income and composition (Chapter 9)
- Policies regarding community service requirements; (Chapter 11)
- Polices and rules about safety and ownership of pets in public housing (Chapter 10).

#### **New Approach to Policy Development**

HUD has developed an approach to monitoring PHAs that emphasizes the importance of consistency in operation and decision-making. The ACOP supports that goal by clearly setting forth the PHA's operating policies.

A primary focus of HUD's Rental Integrity Monitoring (RIM) program has been consistency in how PHAs conduct their business and in how HUD monitors PHA activities. Referring to and following the ACOP is essential to maintaining consistency in applying AHA PHA Policy.

HUD makes a distinction between mandatory policies and non-mandatory policies:

- Mandatory policies: those driven by legislation, regulations, current handbooks, current PIH notices, and legal opinions from the Office of General Counsel
- Optional, non-binding guidance: includes guidebooks, FAQs, PIH notices that have expired, and recommendations from individual HUD staff.

HUD expects PHAs to develop policies and procedures that are consistent with mandatory policies and to make clear the optional policies the PHA has adopted. The ACOP is comprised of mandatory policies and optional PHA Policy. HUD's new direction emphasizes the need for a clearly written and comprehensive ACOP to guide staff in the clear and consistent application of policy.

HUD suggestions, recommendations, written issuances, and guidance are consistent with mandatory federal policy. Therefore, using HUD guidance in the preparation of PHA Policy, even though it is not mandatory, provides a PHA with a "safe harbor." If a PHA adopts its own optional policy, it must make its own determination that such policy is consistent with legislation, regulations, and other mandatory requirements. There may be very good reasons for adopting a policy or procedure that is different than that suggested by HUD, but PHAs should carefully think through those decisions and be able to articulate how their policy is consistent with federal laws, regulations and mandatory policy.

#### 1-III.C. UPDATING AND REVISING THE POLICY

The PHA will revise this ACOP as needed to comply with changes in HUD regulations. The original policy and any changes must be approved by the board of commissioners of the PHA, the pertinent sections included in the Agency Plan, and a copy provided to HUD.

#### AHA PHA Policy

The PHA will review and update the ACOP as needed to reflect changes in regulations, PHA operations, or when needed to ensure staff consistency in operation.